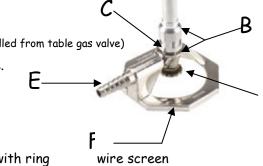
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Bunsen Burner Lab: Tools of the Physical Scientist

Background: Often a chemist needs to heat materials. The Bunsen Burner is one of the most efficient ways of doing this. Burners come in a variety of designs but most operate on the principle of mixing gas with air to produce a hot flame. In this lab you will learn how to light and adjust a burner flame and to locate the hottest part of the flame.

Parts of the Bunsen Burner:

- A. Barrel where gas and air are mixed
- B. Collar adjust the air intake
- C. Air intake openings air enters here
- D. Gas Flow Valve regulates flow of gas (can also be controlled from table gas valve)
- E. Gas intake tube gas enters burner from table source.
- F. Base supports burner



Materials:

spark lighter Bunsen Burner support stand with ring wire screen gloves 250 mL beaker 100mL graduated cylinder metal thermometer

Problem to solve: How do you light and adjust a Bunsen Burner?

Where is the hottest part of a burner flame?

Procedure:

Part 1: Lighting the Burner

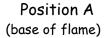
- 1. Connect the hose to the table outlet. Clear the area of all flammable objects (including clothing and your hair!)
- 2. Turn the barrel so that the air intake openings are closed, and then open them three full turns.
- 3. Close the gas flow valve at the bottom of the burner, and then open it three full turns.
- 4. Put on your goggles, open the gas valve on the table and light the burner.
- 5. Adjust the barrel so that the flame is pale blue with a dark blue inner cone.

Part 2: The Experiment

- 1. Set up the support stand, ring, and wire screen as shown in the photos (see next page).
- 2. Position the ring clamp so that the beaker is at the base of the flame (Position A).
- 3. Put 100mL of water into the beaker and record the starting temperature of the water on your data sheet.
- 4. Heat the water for 2 minutes recording the temperature every 15 seconds.
- 5. Repeat this procedure for positions B,C, and D using fresh water each time. Record all data.

Bunsen Burner Lab - Data chart and questions







Position B (tip of inner blue flame)



Position C (top of flame)



Position D
(2 cm above flame)

Data Chart:

| Position | Starting Temp | 15 Sec | 30 Sec | 45 Sec | 60 Sec | 75 Sec | 90 Sec | 105 Sec | 120 Sec |
|----------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Α | • | | | | | | | | |
| В | | | | | | | | | |
| С | | | | | | | | | |
| D | | | | | | | | | |

Questions:

| Label the parts of the Bunsen Burner | 1. | Label | the | parts | of | the | Bunsen | Burner |
|--|----|-------|-----|-------|----|-----|--------|--------|
|--|----|-------|-----|-------|----|-----|--------|--------|

4. _____

C.

C. _____

E.

F. ____

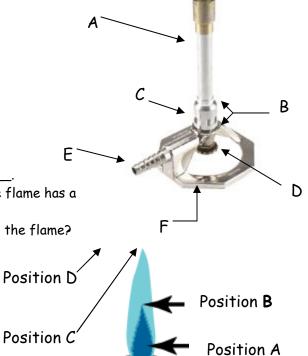
2. The Bunsen burner mixes _____ with _____.

3. When the air intake openings are completely closed the flame has a _____ color.

4. According to your results, where is the hottest part of the flame? Position A. B, C, or D. _____

Parts of the Flame

- A. Base of flame
- B. Tip of inside blue cone
- C. Top of the flame
- D. 2 cm above the flame



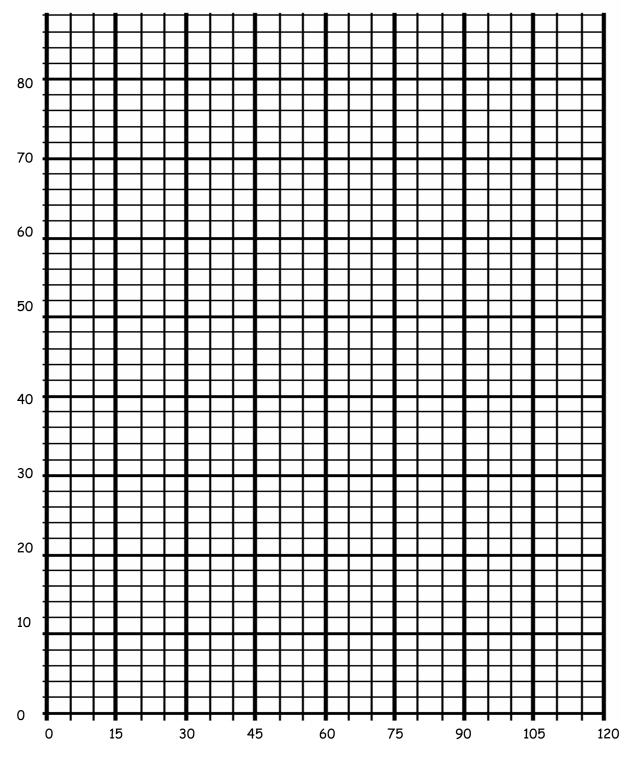
T E M

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C I U 5. Graph your data for all four positions. Label each line.



TIME IN SECONDS